Mathematical Optimization of a Thrombopoiesis **Quantitative Systems Pharmacology (QSP) Model** to Improve Chemotherapy Dosing

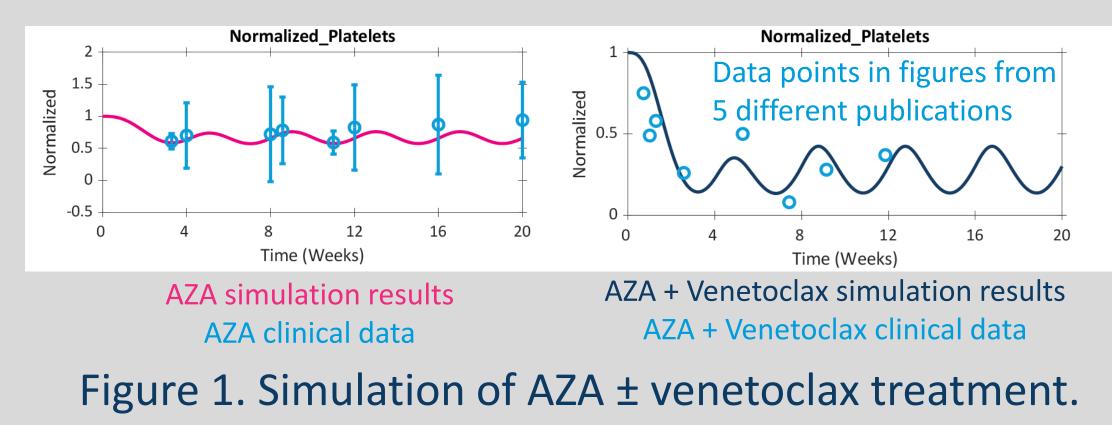


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Objectives	Methods	Conclusions
Optimization of thrombopoiesis models	Reducing model complexity	Balanced simplicity-to-accuracy ratio
 Thrombocytopenia is a common concern with chemotherapy (CTx) Published models of platelet dynamics 	 We researched thrombopoiesis models and identified a recent QSP model³ as the reference for this work 	thrombopoiesis QSP model that simulates megakaryopoiesis and
and regulation of thrombopoiesis use complex mathematical formulations ^{1,2}	 We developed a simpler fit-for-purpose thrombopoiesis QSP model using 	

- We developed a QSP model with a minimal structure that reproduces experimental data by:
 - 1. Improving upon published models' parameters and equations
 - 2. Evaluating the response to CTx of a virtual patient (VP) with normal platelet levels and a thrombocytopenic VP corresponding to acute myeloid leukemia (AML) patients
- MATLAB[®] SimBiology[®] software
- Parameter values were derived from literature or calibrated from thrombopoietin (TPO) and CTx data

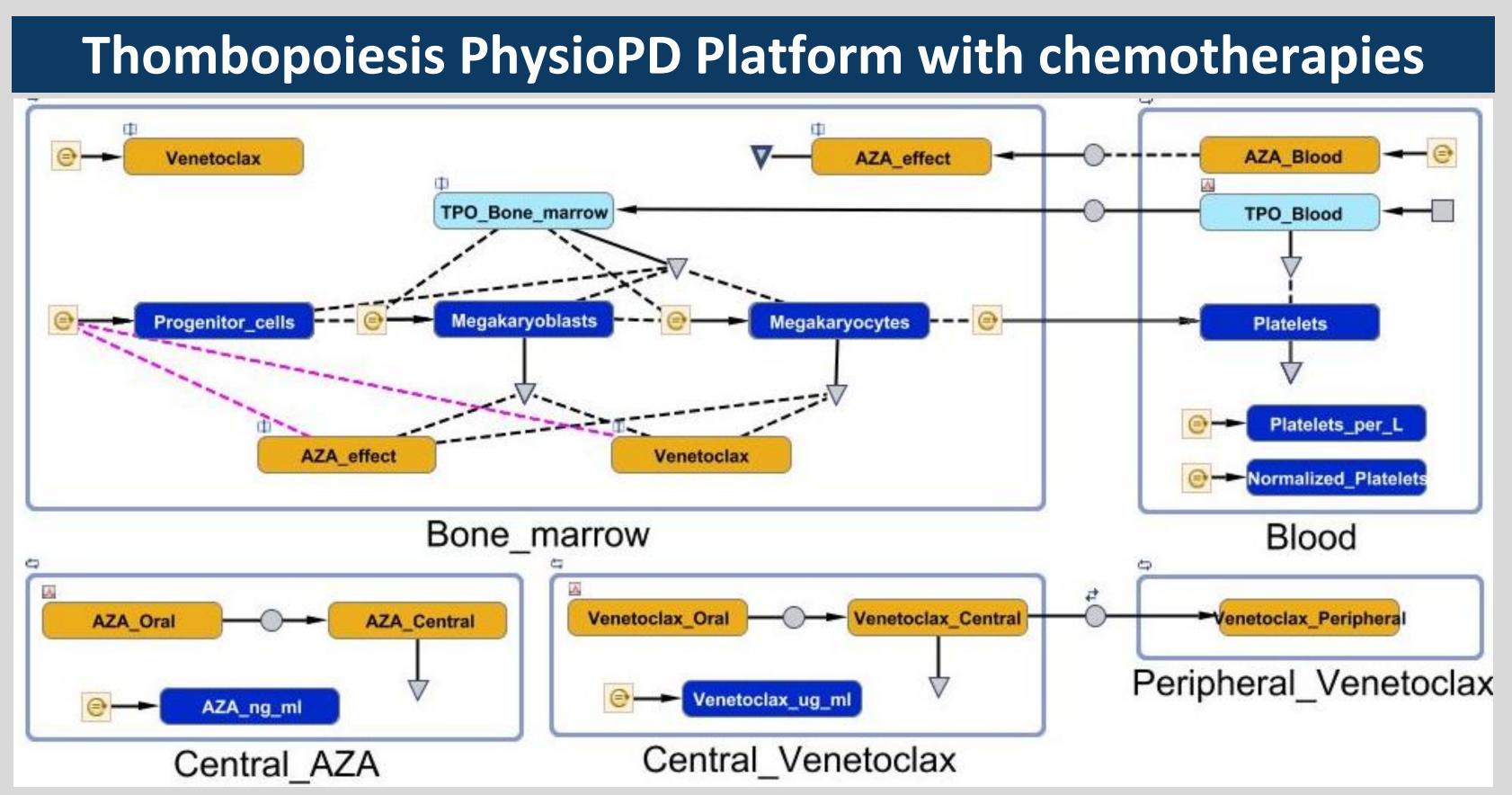


dynamics are accurately represented

- The model has been successfully tested for CTx
- The model can be used for:
 - 1. Predicting thrombocytopenia risk
 - 2. Mitigating risk by optimizing protocols
 - 3. Designing effective concomitant treatment protocols for thrombocytopenia

Results

QSP Model



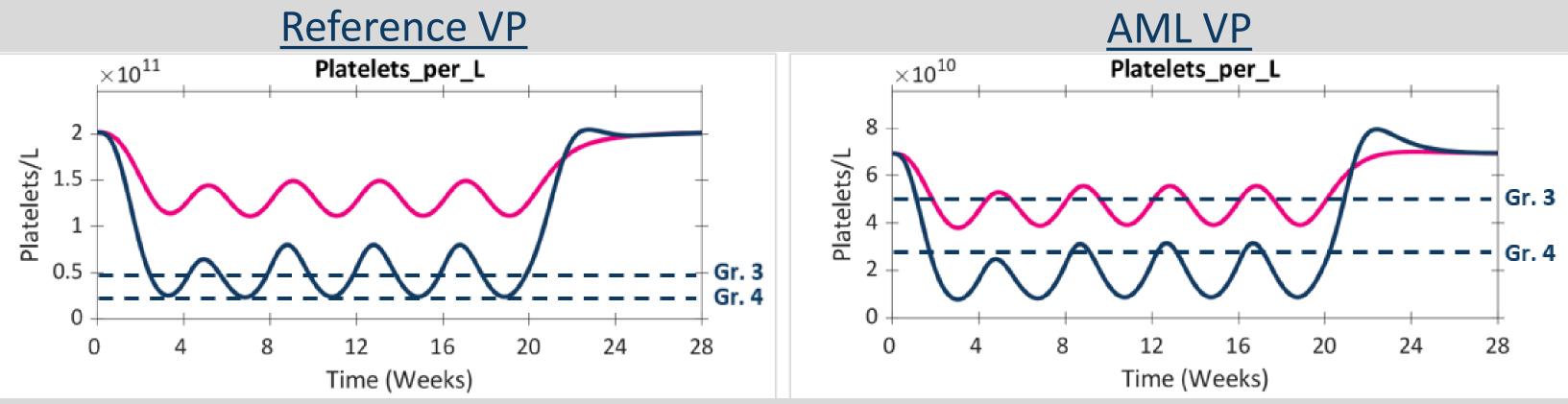
Platelet and TPO dynamics under CTx are captured

 Simulations of Azacitidine (AZA) monotherapy and AZA + venetoclax combinations in the reference VP matched the reduction in platelet levels measured in various studies

Figure 2. The Thrombopoiesis PhysioMap[®], a graphical representation of the model.

- We introduced a more realistic representation of megakaryocyte (MKC) production than the published QSP model³: we reduced the number of MKC progenitor species from 28 to 8 and added a constant source of hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs)
- The implementation of TPO dynamics was simplified and its

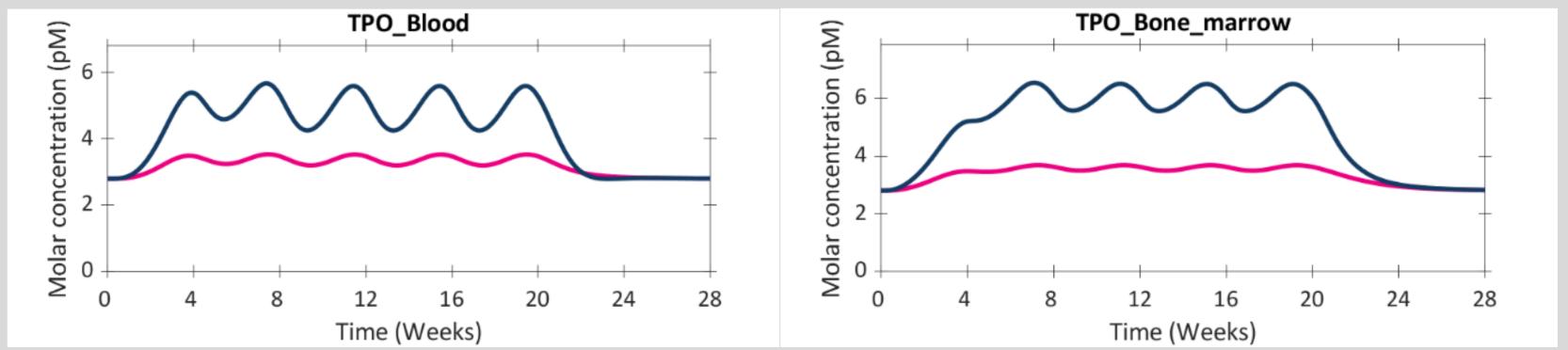
 AZA + venetoclax combination was predicted to induce grade 3 to 4 thrombocytopenia



AZA simulation results AZA + Venetoclax simulation results

Figure 3. Platelet levels of AZA ± venetoclax dosing in the reference and AML VPs.

 The effect of AZA + venetoclax on TPO was consistent with the doubling of blood TPO levels reported with induction of CTx in AML patients⁶



effect on megakaryopoiesis was corrected. The published model did not include effects in all intermediate steps between HSCs proliferation and MKC production

- With these physiologically-based corrections, we were able to capture the complex dynamics of platelet levels
- In addition, we represented CTx using simple expressions and non-regime-dependent parameters, thus allowing for simulating therapy protocols in a wide range of clinical settings, unlike some previous models^{4,5}

AZA simulation results

AZA + Venetoclax simulation results

Figure 4. TPO levels of AZA ± venetoclax dosing in the reference and AML VPs.

• Further reductions in the number of bone marrow species fail to reproduce the platelet dynamics, which indicates that an optimal model size has been achieved

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